



MARKING GUIDELINE

General Studies

Communication and Human Relations

(N₆)

Task 3 Internal Exam

Date17 April 2019

Duration
3 Hours

Total marks 200

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4	Intergroup Physiological Interpersonal Psychological Individual	
	1.1.5	Individual ✓ (5 x 1)	(5)
	1.2.1	Grievance A disagreement over a specific set of facts ✓ regarding a particular matter ✓	(2)
	1.2.2	Conflict Where the affected people experience generally negative feelings ✓ about each other. ✓	(2)
	1.2.3	Consultation A meeting or discussion between two or more parties ✓ to seek information, advice or guidance from the other. ✓	(2)
	1.2.4	Client A person that uses the services or products ✓ of a business. ✓	(2)
	1.2.5	Patron A person that uses the services or products ✓ of a business in the hospitality industry. ✓ (5 x 2)	(2) (10)
1.3	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3 1.3.4 1.3.5 1.3.6 1.3.7 1.3.8 1.3.9 1.3.10	$ \begin{array}{c} J \checkmark \\ C \checkmark \\ D \checkmark \\ I \checkmark \\ E \checkmark \\ H \checkmark \\ B \checkmark \\ A \checkmark \\ G \checkmark \\ F \checkmark \end{array} $ (10×1)	(10)
1.4	1.4.1 1.4.2 1.4.3 1.4.4 1.4.5	C ✓ B ✓ C ✓ B ✓	(13)
	1.4.0	(5 × 1)	(5)

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1.5
                    Abstain ✓
         1.5.1
         1.5.2
                    Adjournment ✓
         1.5.3
                    Closure ✓
         1.5.4
                    Committee ✓
         1.5.5
                    Deadlock ✓
                    Honorarium ✓
         1.5.6
         1.5.7
                    Precedent ✓
         1.5.8
                    Resolution <
         1.5.9
                    Second ✓
         1.5.10
                    Verbatim ✓
                                                                                 (10 \times 1)
                                                                                             (10)
                    False ✓
1.6
         1.6.1
                    True ✓
         1.6.2
                    False ✓
         1.6.3
                    False ✓
         1.6.4
                    True ✓
         1.6.5
                                                                                  (5 \times 1)
                                                                                             (5)
1.7
         1.7.1
                    C 🗸
                    A 🗸
         1.7.2
                    E✓
         1.7.3
         1.7.4
                    B ✓
         1.7.5
                    D 🗸
                                                                                  (5 \times 1)
                                                                                             (5)
                                                                                              [50]
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TOTAL SECTION A:

50

SECTION B

QUESTION 2

2.1 Mistakes when Penny answered the telephone The name of the company and her name were not given. ✓ Tone of her voice was not friendly. ✓ Did not get all necessary information before she ended the call e.g. the name of the caller, contact details. < The caller was never referred to by his name. < She kept the customer waiting while she was organising herself. < She did not greet the customer nor thanked him for the call. < (6)2.2 **Barriers** Psychological barrier ✓ Perceptual barrier ✓ (2)2.3 How to improve communication skills Learn about other cultures and their customs ✓ Control your emotions < Understand different personality types ✓ Manifest constructive attitudes and beliefs ✓ Develop effective listening skills < Don't send mixed messages ✓ Remember the importance of feedback ✓ **ANY SIX** (6)2.4 Tips to improve listening skills Focus your attention. < Make a conscious decision to listen attentively. ✓ Show that you are listening by making use of active signs of attentiveness such as "I see" or "go on". ✓ Do not interrupt the communicator until he/she has finished talking. < Anticipate what is coming – concentrate on remembering facts. ✓ Take notes. ✓ Ask yourself "What are the main points". ✓ Remain objective and open-minded. < Avoid jumping to conclusions. < Ask questions if you need clarity. < Focus on what is being said and not the way it is being said. ✓ **ANY 10** (10)2.5 Behavioural signs of stress Overreacting to situations. < Forgetfulness. <

(6)

Trouble learning new information. ✓

Reduced work efficiency. ✓ Difficulty with concentrating. ✓ Disorganised and confused. ✓

2.6	2.6.1	Physical barrier ✓			(1)
	2.6.2	Semar	ntic barrier ✓		(1)
	2.6.3	Psycho	ological barrier ✓		(1)
	2.6.4	Percep	otual barrier (gender) 🗸		(1)
	2.6.5 Psychological barrier ✓				
2.7	Person type (1)	ality	Type A personality ✓	Type B personality ✓	
		teristics	This person is self-assertive, impatient and has a strong sense of drive. ✓ As they are very active they have	This person is calmer, more placid and more laid back. ✓ They are inclined to be	
	How the with str (3)	ey cope ess	a lean shape. ✓ They are always racing against the clock, ✓ try to do too much at one, and this results in a lot of stress. ✓They also find it difficult to relax. This poses a greater risk for cardiovascular disorders. ✓ANY THREE	overweight. ✓ They do not show a sense of time urgency ✓, relax easily, and cope with stress far better. ✓ They are not at as great a risk of cardiovascular diseases. ✓ ANY THREE	(12)
2.8	ConfCom	coping w rontation promise drawal •	✓		(3)
					[50]
QUEST	TION 3				
3.1	PersoEducCareoSkills	onal informational hiter history			(5)

- Testimonials and References ✓
- 3.2 <u>Documents to accompany a CV</u>
 - Certified copies of all certificates ✓
 - Certified copy of ID ✓
 - Testimonials ✓

The use of someone's name is regarded as a privilege and not a right. < The tone of requesting this privilege should be courteous. ✓ The person from whom you would request a testimonial is usually a leader in the community in the particular business field in which you operate, or a senior who helped to train you. < You may contact them directly requesting it face-to-face or telephonically, sending an e-mail or by sending a letter. It is important to supply sufficient information about yourself so that he/she knows exactly who you are, what you require, where and when he/she was associated with you, etc. < (3)**ANY THREE** 3.4 3.4.1 Find out more about the job Try to find out what the job entails, ✓ i.e. the nature of duties, the responsibilities, the working conditions and the location. ✓ This can be done via the internet or talking to people in that field of work. (3)3.4.2 Find out more about the situation Gather information about the organisation, ✓ what products/services it offers, how big the organisation is, how long has it been in operation, ✓ what sort of public image it has, what the organisational culture is, etc. ✓ (3)3.5 Knock-and-drop This is a distribution method where the target market is situated in a specific • Pamphlets, leaflets or other types of advertising tools are dropped into post boxes in suburbs or placed on the windscreen of vehicles in the parking Morula Sun could place pamphlets on the windscreens of vehicles in the (3)parking area (OR any other relevant suggestion) < 3.6 3.6.1 Choleric Irascible ✓ (grumpy ✓, irritable) ✓ and sometimes short-tempered of nature. < (2) **ANY TWO** 3.6.2 Bilious Melancholic (moody), ✓sad, ✓depressed and sensitive of nature. (ANY TWO) (2)3.6.3 Sanguine Confident ✓, positive ✓, usually optimistic ✓, hopeful ✓ and impulsive (2) **ANY TWO** 3.6.4 **Phleamatic** Calm ✓, apathetic✓, not focussed✓ and sometimes uninterested ✓ **ANY TWO** (2)

3.3

The correct way to apply for testimonials

A testimonial is obtained in the form of a letter. <

Request opportunity to rectify the problem. ✓ Rectify the problem and provide feedback. ✓ Offer the client assurance that similar problems will be managed better. ✓ Prevent similar problems. ✓ Apologise for inconvenience caused. ✓ (6) 3.8 Practical steps to provide satisfying client service Approach client promptly to determine type of assistance they require. ✓ Be presentable at all times. ✓ Listen attentively to the client. ✓ Concentrate on the client's request. ✓ Execute requests promptly and communicate the outcome. ✓ Allow time to the client to be comfortable with his/her decision. ✓ Overcome sale resistance by determining the objection to the product or service. ✓ Offer suggestions of alternative products. ✓ Close the sale and process any purchase quickly. ✓ Offer sale support as prescribed by establishment policies. ✓ **ANY FOUR** (4) 3.9 3.9.1 Job description A written document that spells out to a job holder what he/she is supposed to do√, how it is done and under what circumstances. ✓ (2) 3.9.2 Job requirements This indicates the knowledge, skills and certain characteristics < that a potential employee must possess. < (2)3.10 Characteristics of a good self-image Positive view of him/herself. ✓ Sets realistic and attainable goals. ✓ Ability to express him/herself. ✓ Possesses a sense of humour. ✓ Capable of controlling his/her emotions. ✓ Ability to cope with negative feedback and criticism. < Usually prepared to take calculated risks. ✓ Comfortable in the company of most people and gets along well with them. (5) ANY FIVE 3.11 Characteristics of motivation: Motives may be subconscious. ✓ Motives are difficult to identify. ✓ Motives are sometimes formed under unpleasant circumstances. ✓ Sometimes unconscious motives can be regarded as habits. ✓ (3)**ANY THREE** [50]

How to deal with a client with a legitimate complaint
 Tell the client that you understand the problem. ✓

3.7

4.2

QUESTION 4 4.1 Principles that form part of learning in a training programme Commitment: ✓ the management of a business must be committed to provide an organisational climate that stimulates continued learning and growth. < Responsibility: ✓Line managers must be assigned responsibility for organising and administrating the office training programme in their own departments. < Planning and implementation: ✓The organisation must accurately identify its training needs and specify clearly how the objectives of training are to be implemented. < Principle of feedback: ✓ The results of the training programme should be effectively communicated to all involved. This will help stimulate the

Principle of evaluation: ✓ A sound training programme should provide for

(10)

(7)

- periodic evaluation and measurement of its effectiveness. Barriers in training
 - An inexperienced trainer. ✓

desire to improve. <

- The absence of an objective. ✓
- Cost factor. ✓
- Lack of continuous training. ✓
- Less support from managerial team. ✓
- Evaluation of employees at a wrong time. <
- Training limited to a specific course. <
- Insufficient evaluating of training. <

4.3 Types of training programmes

Adult training ✓

ANY SEVEN

- Group training ✓
- In service/On-the-job training ✓
- Orientation < (4)

4.4 Types of visuals aids for the hearing impaired

- Flip chart ✓
- Chalkboard ✓
- Notice board ✓
- Overhead projector ✓
- Data projector√
- Graphic representations

ANY FOUR (4)

4.5 Type of training

Orientation programmes < (1)

4.6 Why introduce new members to staff

- To initiate them into the socialisation process. ✓
- Know who is who in the company. ✓
- (3) Understand the role of other members. ✓

In-service training/on-the-job training ✓ (1) 4.8 Aspects to consider when selecting audio-visual aids The impact on the type of audience. ✓ The support it provides. ✓ The time available for and volume of information to transfer to learners. ✓ The complexity of the subject. Funds available to use or buying the aid required. ✓ (5) 4.9 Audio-visual training aids TV 🗸 Flip chart ✓ Data projector√ Pictorials ✓ Pie chart√ Digital recorder√ Bar chart√ Line charts Slides✓ Overhead video√ Chalkboard or note board ✓

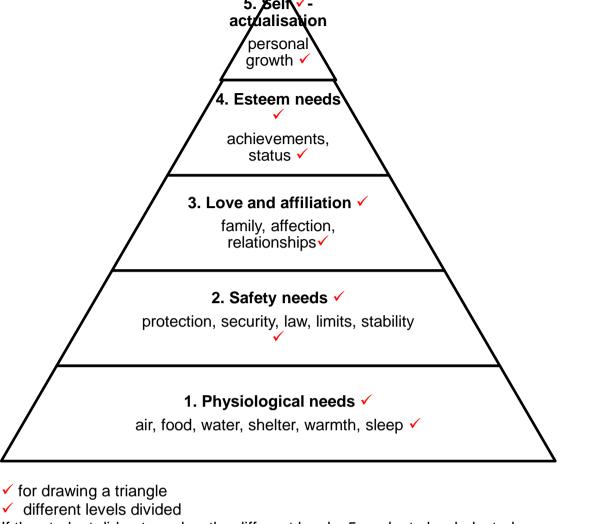
(2)

4.7

Which type of training

ANY TWO

4.10 Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs



If the student did not number the different levels, 5 marks to be deducted (12)

4.11 The customer is always right. ✓ (1)

[50]

TOTAL SECTION B: 150

GRAND TOTAL: 200